## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

 (Original) A composition comprising a synergistically effective <u>amount of a active</u> compound combination of compounds of the formula (I) (group 1)

$$A^{\frac{A^{3}}{2}} \underbrace{C_{1} \times Z_{n}}_{Y} Y \qquad (I)$$

in which

- X represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkyl,
- Y represents hydrogen, C1-C6-alkyl, halogen, C1-C6-alkoxy, or C1-C3-haloalkyl,
- Z represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, halogen, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy,
- m represents a number 0-3,
- A³ represents hydrogen or in each case optionally halogen-substituted straight-chain or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alky<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkeny<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alky<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alky<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alky<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alky<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alky<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alky<sub>1</sub>, cycloalky<sub>1</sub> having 3-8 ring atoms which may be interrupted by oxygen and/or sulfur, or in each case optionally halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alky<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalky<sub>1</sub>-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy, or nitro-substituted pheny<sub>1</sub> or pheny<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alky<sub>1</sub>,
- A<sup>4</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl or in-which
- A³ and A⁴ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated 3- to 8-membered ring which is optionally interrupted by oxygen and/or sulfur and optionally substituted by halogen, C₁-C₀-alkyl, C₁-C₀-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkylthio or optionally substituted phenyl or is optionally benzo-fused,
- G<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen (a) or represents the groups

$$-\text{CO}-\text{R}^{20}$$
  $-\text{CO}_2-\text{R}^{21}$   $-\text{SO}_2-\text{R}^{22}$   $-\text{R}^{22}$   $-\text{R}^{23}$   $-\text{R}^{24}$   $-\text{O}$   $-\text{R}^{24}$   $-\text{O}$   $-\text{R}^{25}$  (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)

in which

$$\begin{split} R^{20} & \text{represents in each case optionally halogen-substituted $C_1-C_{20}-alkyl$,} \\ & C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl$, $C_1-C_8-alkoxy-C_1-C_8-alkyl$, $C_1-C_8-alkyl$, $C_1-C_8-alkoxy-C_2-C_8-alkyl$ or cycloalkyl having 3-8 ring atoms which may be interrupted by oxygen and/or sulfur atoms, represents optionally halogen-, nitro-, $C_1-C_6-alkyl-, $C_1-C_6-alkoxy-, $C_1-C_6-alkoxl-, $C_1-C_6-alkoxl-, $C_1-C_6-alkoxl-, $C_1-C_6-alkoxl-, $C_1-C_6-alkoxl-, $C_1-C_6-alkoxl-, $C_1-C_6-alkoxl-, $C_1-C_6-alkoxl-, $C_1-C_6-alkyl-, $C_1-C_6-$$

represents in each case optionally halogen- and/or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl-substituted pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thiazolyl or pyrazolyl,

represents optionally halogen- and/or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl-substituted phenoxy-  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,

R<sup>21</sup> represents in each case optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-polyalkoxy-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, represents in each case optionally halogen-, nitro-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl-substituted phenyl or benzyl.

R<sup>22</sup> represents optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, represents or in each case optionally C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-, halogen-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy-, nitro- or cyano-substituted phenyl or benzyl,

R<sup>23</sup> and R<sup>24</sup> independently of one another represent in each case optionally halogen-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylamino, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>)alkylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkenylthio, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkynylthio, or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>-cycloalkylthio, represent in each case optionally halogen-, nitro-, cyano-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio-, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio-,

phenyl, phenoxy or phenylthio,

 $R^{25}$  and  $R^{26}$  independently of one another represent in each case optionally halogen-substituted C1-C10-alkyl, C1-C10-alkoxy, C3-C8-alkenyl, or C1-Cs-alkoxy-C1-Cs-alkyl, represent optionally halogen-, C1-C6-haloalkyl-, C1-C6-alkyl- or C1-C6-alkoxy-substituted phenyl, represent optionally halogen-, C1-C6-alkyl-, C1-C6-haloalkyl- or C1-C6-alkoxy-substituted benzyl or together represent a 5- to 6-membered ring which is optionally interrupted by oxygen or sulfur and which may optionally be substituted by C1-C6-alkyl,

or an acaricidally active compound (group 2), selected from the group consisting of preferably

the phenylhyrazine derivative of the formula

(bifenazate).

and/or

(2-2) the macrolide with the common name abamectin, and/or

(2-3)the naphthalenedione derivative of the formula

(acequinocyl),

and/or

(chlorfenapyr).

and/or

(2-5)the thiourea derivative of the formula

(I.A. Date: October 30, 2004))

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH(CH}_3)_2 \\ \\ \text{-NH-C} \\ \\ \text{CH(CH}_3)_2 \end{array}$$

(diafenthiuron),

and/or

(2-6) the oxazoline derivative of the formula

(etoxazole),

and/or

(2-7) an organotin derivative of the formula

in which

R represents 
$$-\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}$$
 (2-7-a = azocyclotin)

or

R represents -OH (2-7-b = cyhexatin),

and/or

(2-8) the pyrazole derivative of the formula

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{H_{2}C_{2}} \\ \operatorname{N} \\ \operatorname{N} \\ \operatorname{CH_{3}} \\ \operatorname{CH_{3}} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CH_{2}} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CH_{3}} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{CI} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CI} \\ \operatorname{C$$

(tebufenpyrad),

and/or

(2-9) the pyrazole derivative of the formula

(I.A. Date: October 30, 2004))

(fenpyroximate),

and/or

(2-10) the pyridazinone derivative of the formula

$$(CH_3)_3C-N$$
  $S-CH_2$   $C(CH_3)_3$  (pyridaben).

and/or

(2-11) the benzoylurea derivative of the formula

(flufenoxuron),

and/or

(2-12) the pyrethroid of the formula

(bifenthrin),

and/or

(2-13) the tetrazine derivative of the formula

and/or

(2-14) the organotin-derivative of the formula

$$\left[ \begin{array}{c} \overset{\circ}{\longleftarrow} \overset{\circ}{\longrightarrow} \overset{\circ}$$

and/or

## (2-15) the sulfenamide of the formula

$$H_3C$$
  $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CCL_2F$   $CH_3$   $CCL_2F$   $COL_2F$   $COL_2F$ 

and/or

## (2-16) the pyrimidyl phenol ethers of the formula

in which

- R represents fluorine (2-16-a = 4-[(4-chloro- $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -trifluoro-3-tolyl)oxy]-6-[( $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -4-tetrafluoro-3-tolyl)oxy]pyrimidine)
- R represents nitro (2-16-b = 4-[(4-chloro- $\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -trifluoro-3-tolyl)oxy]-6-[( $\alpha,\alpha,\alpha$ -trifluoro-4-nitro-3-tolyl)oxy]pyrimidine)
- R represents bromine (2-16- = 4-[(4-chloro- $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -trifluoro-3-tolyl)oxy]-6-[( $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -trifluoro-4-bromo-3-tolyl)oxy]pyrimidine .

and/or

#### (2-17) the macrolide of the formula

(spinosad)

a mixture comprising, preferably,

85% spinosyn A (R = H)

15% spinosyn B (R = CH<sub>3</sub>),

- 9 -

and/or

(2-18) ivermectin,

and/or

(2-19) milbemectin,

and/or

(2-20) endosulfan

and/or

(2-21) fenazaquin

and/or

(2-22) pyrimidifen

$$H_6C_2 \bigvee_{N \searrow N} \bigvee_{N} \bigcap_{CH_3} CH_3$$

and/or

(2-23) triarathen

and/or

(2-24) tetradifon

and/or

(2-25) propargite

and/or

(2-26) hexythiazox

and/or

(2-27) bromopropylate

and/or

(2-28) dicofol

and/or

(2-29) chinomethionat

and at least one active compound from the group of the anthranilamides of the formula (II)

$$\mathbb{R}^{2}$$
 $\mathbb{R}^{4}$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^{4}$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^{7}$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^{7}$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^{7}$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^{7}$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^{9}$ 
(II)

in which

A1 and A2 independently of one another represent oxygen or sulfur,

# X<sup>1</sup> represents N or CR<sup>10</sup>,

- R¹ represents hydrogen or represents in each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkynyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-cycloalkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of R<sup>4</sup>, halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylcylcylcyloalkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-cycloalkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-cycloalkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-cycloalkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-cycloalkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-cycloalkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-cycloalkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-cycloalkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-cycloalkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkylamino, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alky
- R<sup>2</sup>
   represents
   hydrogen.
   C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl.
   C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl.
   C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl.
   C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl.
   C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl.

   cycloalkyl.
   C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy.
   C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino.
   C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino.
   C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynylamino.
   C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino.
   C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino.
- R³ represents hydrogen, R¹¹ or represents in each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted C₁-C₅-alkyl, C₂-C₅-alkenyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₂-C₅-alkynyl, C₂-C₅-alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of R⁴, halogen, cvano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₅-alkylsuy, C₁-C₅-alkylsuy, C₁-C₅-alkylsuy, C₁-C₅-alkylsuyl, C₁-C₅-alkylsuyl, C₁-C₅-alkylsuyly, C₁-C₅-alkylsuyly, C₁-C₅-alkylsuyly, C₁-C₅-alkylsuyly, C₁-C₅-alkylsuyly, C₁-C₅-alkylsuyly, C₁-C₅-alkylsuyly, R¹¹, phenyl, phenoxy and a 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring, where each phenyl, phenoxy and 5- or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring may optionally be substituted and where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W or one or more radicals R¹² or

R2 and R3 may be attached to one another and form the ring M,

- $R^4$ represents hydrogen, C1-C6-alkyl, C2-C6-alkenyl, C2-C6-alkynyl, C3-C6cycloalkyl, C1-C6-haloalkyl, C2-C6-haloalkenyl, C2-C6-haloalkynyl, C1-C6halocycloalkyl, halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C1-C4-alkoxy, C1-C4-haloalkoxy, C1-C4-alkylthio, C1-C4-alkylsulfinyl, C1-C4-alkylsulfonyl, C1-C4-haloalkylthio, C1-C4-haloalkylsulfinyl, C1-C4-haloalkylsulfonyl, C1-C4-alkylamino, C2-C8dialkylamino, C3-C6-cycloalkylamino, C3-C6-trialkylsilyl or represents in each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted phenyl, benzyl or phenoxy, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of C1-C4-alkyl, C2-C4-alkenyl, C2-C4-alkynyl, C3-C6-cycloalkyl, C1-C4-haloalkyl, C5-C4-haloalkenyl, C5-C4-haloalkynyl, C5-C6-halocycloalkyl, halogen, cyano, nitro, C1-C4-alkoxy, C1-C4-haloalkoxy, C1-C4-alkylthio, C1-C4alkylsulfinyl, C1-C4-alkylsulfonyl, C1-C4-alkylamino, C2-C8-dialkylamino, C3-C6-cycloalkylamino, C3-C6-(alkyl)cycloalkylamino, C2-C4-alkylcarbonyl, C2-C6alkoxycarbonyl, C2-C6-alkylaminocarbonyl, C3-C8-dialkylaminocarbonyl and C2-C<sub>6</sub>-trialkylsilyl.
- G in each case independently of one another represents a 5- or 6-membered nonaromatic carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring which optionally contains one or two ring members from the group consisting of C(-O), SO and S(-O), and which may optionally be substituted by one to four substituents independently of one another selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, halogen, cyano,

(I.A. Date: October 30, 2004))
nitro and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy, or independently of one another represents C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>-cycloalkyl, (cyano)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>7</sub>-cycloalkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, where each cycloalkyl, (alkyl)cycloalkyl and (cycloalkyl)alkyl may optionally be substituted by one or more halogen atoms,

- J in each case independently of one another represents an optionally substituted 5or 6-membered heteroaromatic ring, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W or one or more radicals R<sup>12</sup>.
- R<sup>5</sup> independently of one another represent -C(=E<sup>1</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -LC(=E<sup>1</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -C(=E<sup>1</sup>)LR<sup>19</sup>, -OP(=Q)(OR<sup>15</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>LR<sup>18</sup> or -LSO<sub>2</sub>LR<sup>19</sup>, where each E<sup>1</sup> independently of the others represents O. S. N-R<sup>15</sup>, N-OR<sup>15</sup>, N-N(R<sup>15</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, N-S=O, N-CN or N-NO.
- R<sup>7</sup> represents hydrogen. C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, halogen. C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfonyl,
- R<sup>2</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl or halogen,
- R<sup>10</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, halogen, cyano or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>haloalkoxy.
- R<sup>11</sup> in each case independently of one another represents in each case optionally mono- to trisubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkylsulfenyl, phenylthio or phenylsulfenyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the list consisting of W, -S(O)<sub>8</sub>N(R<sup>16</sup>)<sub>5</sub>, -C(=O)R<sup>13</sup>, -L(C=O)R<sup>14</sup>, -S(C=O)LR<sup>14</sup>, -C(=O)LR<sup>13</sup>, -S(O)<sub>8</sub>NR<sup>13</sup>C(=O)LR<sup>13</sup>, S(O)<sub>8</sub>NR<sup>13</sup>C(=O)LR<sup>13</sup>, S(O)<sub>8</sub>NR<sup>13</sup>C(=O)LR<sup>14</sup>, -S(O)<sub>8</sub>NR<sup>13</sup>C(=O)LR<sup>14</sup>, -S(O)<sub>8</sub>NR<sup>13</sup>
- L in each case independently of one another represents O, NR<sup>18</sup> or S.
- Q represents O or S,
  - in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or represents in each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl

alkynyl or  $C_2$ - $C_2$ -cycloalkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ , halogen, evano, nitro, hydroxyl,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -alkylsulfinyl,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -alkylsulfinyl,  $C_1$ - $C_2$ -alkylsulfinyl,  $C_2$ - $C_2$ -alkylsulfinyl,  $C_3$ - $C_4$ -alkylsulfinyl,  $C_3$ - $C_4$ -alkylsulfinyl,  $C_3$ - $C_4$ -cycloalkylamino and  $(C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl) $C_1$ - $C_4$ -evcloalkylamino.

- R<sup>14</sup> in each case independently of one another represents in each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkynyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of R<sup>6</sup>, halogen, cvano, nitro, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkylamino and (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl)C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkylamino or represents optionally substituted phenyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W or one or more radicals R<sup>12</sup>.
- R<sup>15</sup> in each case independently of one another represent hydrogen or represent in each case mono- or polysubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of evano, nitro, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylearbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylearbonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-trialkylsiyl and optionally substituted phenyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from one to three radicals W or one or more radicals R<sup>12</sup>, or N(R<sup>15</sup>) represents a cycle which forms the ring M.
- R<sup>16</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-haloalkyl, or N(R<sup>16</sup>)<sub>2</sub> represents a cycle which forms the ring M.
- R<sup>17</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, or B(OR<sup>15</sup>)<sub>2</sub> represents a ring, where the two oxygen atoms are attached via a chain to two or three carbon atoms which are optionally substituted by one or two substituents independently of one another selected from the group consisting of methyl and C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl.
- R<sup>18</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, or N(R<sup>18</sup>)(R<sup>18</sup>) represents a cycle which forms the ring M,
- R<sup>19</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or represents in

each case optionally mono- or polysubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of evano, nitro, hydroxyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, c<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, c<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, c<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-c<sub>4</sub>-c<sub>4</sub>-c<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, c<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, c<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, c<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-al

- M in each case represents an optionally mono- to tetrasubstituted ring which, in addition to the nitrogen atom which is attached to the substituent pair R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>11</sup>, (R<sup>15</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or (R<sup>16</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, contains two to six carbon atoms and optionally additionally a further nitrogen, sulfur or oxygen atom, and where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, halogen, evano, nitro and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyy.
- W in each case independently of one another represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkenyl,

  C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkynyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkynyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkyl, halogen, evano, nitro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkovy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-cycloalkylamino, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>
- n in each case independently of one another represents 0 or 1,
- in each case independently of one another represents 0, 1 or 2.

where in the case that (a) R<sup>3</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub></sub>

- (Currently Amended) The composition as claimed in according to claim 1, comprising at least one compound of the formula (I) in which
  - X represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkyl,
  - Y represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, <u>or</u> C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-haloalkyl,
  - Z represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, chlorine, bromine, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy,
  - m represents a number 0-2,
  - A<sup>3</sup> represents hydrogen or in each case optionally mono- to trifluoro-substituted straight-chain or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, or cycloalkyl having 3-8 ring atoms which may optionally be interrupted by oxygen and/or sulfur or represents benzyl or phenyl which is optionally mono- to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy, or nitro.
  - A<sup>4</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl or in which
  - A³ and A⁴ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a saturated or unsaturated 3- to 7-membered ring which is optionally interrupted by oxygen and/or sulfur and optionally mono- to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alky<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalky<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkytthio,
  - G<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen (a) or represents groups

in which

R<sup>20</sup> represents in each case optionally mono- to pentafluoro- or -chloro-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>1</sub>-c<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1</sub>-c<sub>4</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl or cycloalkyl having 3-6 ring atoms which may be interrupted by oxygen and/or sulfur atoms, represents phenyl which is optionally mono- to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, nitro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, or

C1-C4-haloalkoxy,

represents benzyl which is optionally mono to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyxv.

represents pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thiazolyl or pyrazolyl, each of which is optionally mono- to disubstituted by chlorine, bromine and/or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl.

- R<sup>21</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-polyalkoxy-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, each of which is optionally monoto pentasubstituted by fluorine or chlorine,
  - represents phenyl or benzyl, each of which is optionally mono- to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, nitro,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,
- R<sup>22</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl which is optionally mono- to pentasubstituted by fluorine or chlorine, represents phenyl or benzyl, each of which is optionally mono- to disubstituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, nitro or eyano,
- R<sup>23</sup> and R<sup>24</sup> independently of one another represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkenylthio, or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkylthio, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine or chlorine, represent phenyl, phenoxy or phenylthio, each of which is optionally mono- to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-baloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-
- R<sup>25</sup> and R<sup>26</sup> independently of one another represent C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, each of which is optionally mono- to trisubstituted by fluorine or chlorine, represent benzyl which is optionally mono- to disubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy or together represent a 5- to 6-membered ring which is optionally interrupted by oxygen or sulfur and

which may optionally be substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl<sub>7</sub>

and at least one anthranilamide of the formula (II).

- (Currently Amended) The composition as elaimed in according to claim 2 1 or 2, comprising at least one compound of the formula (I) in which
  - X represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy or trifluoromethyl,
  - Y represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, chlorine, bromine, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl,
  - Z represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, chlorine, bromine, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy.
  - m represents 0 or 1,
  - A<sup>3</sup> and A<sup>4</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached represent a saturated 5- to 6-membered ring which is optionally monosubstituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy,
  - G<sup>1</sup> represents hydrogen (a) or represents the groups

$$-CO-R^{20}$$
 or  $-CO_2-R^{21}$  , in which

(b) (c)

R<sup>20</sup> represents in each case optionally mono- to trifluoro- or -chlorosubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>12</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, or cycloalkyl having 3-6 ring atoms which may be interrupted by 1 to 2 oxygen atoms,

represents phenyl which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, nitro, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy;

 $R^{21} \quad \text{represents $C_1\text{-}C_12\text{-}alkyl, $C_2\text{-}C_12\text{-}alkenyl,$} \\ \text{represents phenyl} \quad \text{or benzyl, each of which is optionally monosubstituted by} \\ \quad \text{fluorine, chlorine, bromine, nitro, $C_1\text{-}C_4\text{-}alkyl, $C_1\text{-}C_4\text{-}alkoxy$ or trifluoromethyl,} \\ \end{cases}$ 

and at least one anthranilamide of the formula (II).

- (Currently Amended) The composition according to as elaimed in elaim 1, 2 or 3 claim 3, comprising at least one compound of the formula (I) in which
  - X represents methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy or trifluoromethyl,

Y represents hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, chlorine, bromine, methoxy or trifluoromethyl.

- Z represents methyl, ethyl, chlorine, bromine or methoxy,
- m represents 0 or 1,
- A<sup>3</sup> and A<sup>4</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a saturated 5to 6-membered ring which is optionally monosubstituted by methyl, ethyl, propyl, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy or isobutoxy,
- G1 represents hydrogen (a) or represents the groups

-CO-R
$$^{20}$$
 or -CO $_2$ -R $^{21}$  , in which

(b) (c)

- R<sup>20</sup> represents in each case mono- to trifluoro- or -chloro-substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>-alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-alkyl, or cycloalkyl having 36 ring atoms which may be interrupted by 1 to 2 oxygen atoms,
  represents phenyl which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine,
  chlorine, bromine, methyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl or
  trifluoromethoxy;
- R<sup>21</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkenyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-alkyl, represents phenyl or benzyl, each of which is optionally monosubstituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine, nitro, methyl, methoxy or trifluoromethyl,

and at least one anthranilamide of the formula (II).

 (Currently Amended) The composition according to claim 1 or 2 wherein said compound of formula (I) is as claimed in claim 1, 2, 3 or 4, comprising the compound of the formula (I-1)

and/or or the compound of the formula (I-2)

and at least one anthranilamide of the formula (II).

## 6. (Cancelled)

(Currently Amended) The composition <u>according to as elaimed in claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 claim 1, comprising an anthranilamide wherein said compound of formula (II) is a compound of the formula (II-1)
</u>

in which

- R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl.
- R<sup>3</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl which is optionally substituted by a radical R<sup>6</sup>.
- R<sup>4</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy or halogen,
- R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy or halogen,
- R<sup>6</sup> represents -C(=E<sup>2</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -LC(=E<sup>2</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -C(=E<sup>2</sup>)LR<sup>19</sup> or -LC(=E<sup>2</sup>)LR<sup>19</sup>, where each E<sup>2</sup> independently of the others represents O, s, N-R<sup>15</sup>, N-OR<sup>15</sup>, N-N(R<sup>15</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, and each L independently of the others represents O or NR<sup>18</sup>
- R<sup>7</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl or halogen.
- R9 represents C1-C2-haloalkyl, C1-C2-haloalkoxy, S(O), C1-C2-haloalkyl or halogen,
- R<sup>15</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or represents in each case optionally substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl

(I.A. Date: October 30, 2004))

R<sup>18</sup> in each case represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>19</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,

p independently of one another represents 0, 1, 2.

- (Currently Amended) The composition according to as elaimed in claim 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
   or 7 claim 1, comprising compounds wherein said compound of the formula (I) (group 1) or at least one acaricidally active compound (group 2), and at least one anthranilamide compound of the formula (II) are present in a ratio of from 500:1 to 1:50.
- (Currently Amended) The use of a A method of controlling an animal pest comprising
  contacting a composition according to synergistically effective mixture as defined in
  elaims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 for 7 claim 1 for controlling animal posts to with an animal pest.
- (Currently Amended) A process for preparing pesticides, <u>comprising mixing a composition according to eharacterized-in-that-a-synergistically-effective-mixture-as defined in claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 6 or 7 claim 1 is mixed with extenders and/or surfactants.
  </u>
- (New) The composition according to claim 2, wherein said compound of formula (II) is a compound of formula (II-1)

in which

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>3</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl which is optionally substituted by R<sup>6</sup>,

R4 represents C1-C4-alkyl, C1-C2-haloalkyl, C1-C2-haloalkoxy or halogen,

R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy or halogen,

 $R^6$  represents  $-C(=E^2)R^{19}$ ,  $-LC(=E^2)R^{19}$ ,  $-C(=E^2)LR^{19}$  or  $-LC(=E^2)LR^{19}$ , where each  $E^2$  independently of the others represents O, S, N-R<sup>15</sup>, N-OR<sup>15</sup>, N-N(R<sup>15</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, and each L independently of the others represents O or NR<sup>18</sup>,

R<sup>7</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl or halogen,

- R<sup>9</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy, S(O)<sub>p</sub>C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl or halogen,
- R<sup>15</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or in each case optionally substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of eyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl
- R<sup>18</sup> in each case represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl,
- R<sup>19</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,
- p independently of one another represents 0, 1, 2.
- (New) The composition according to claim 3, wherein said compound of formula (II) is a compound of formula (II-1)

#### in which

- R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,
- R<sup>3</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl which is optionally substituted by R<sup>6</sup>.
- R<sup>4</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy or halogen,
- R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy or halogen.
- R<sup>6</sup> represents -C(=E<sup>2</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -LC(=E<sup>2</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -C(=E<sup>2</sup>)LR<sup>19</sup> or -LC(=E<sup>2</sup>)LR<sup>19</sup>, where each E<sup>2</sup> independently of the others represents O, S, N-R<sup>15</sup>, N-OR<sup>15</sup>, N-N(R<sup>15</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, and each L independently of the others represents O or NR<sup>18</sup>.
- R<sup>7</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl or halogen,
- R9 represents C1-C2-haloalkyl, C1-C2-haloalkoxy, S(O)nC1-C2-haloalkyl or halogen,
- R<sup>15</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or in each case optionally substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfonyl.

haloalkylsulfonyl,

R<sup>18</sup> in each case represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>19</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,

p independently of one another represents 0, 1, 2.

 (New) The composition according to claim 4, wherein said compound of formula (II) is a compound of the formula (II-1)

in which

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>3</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl which is optionally substituted by R<sup>6</sup>,

R<sup>4</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy or halogen,

R5 represents hydrogen, C1-C4-alkyl, C1-C2-haloalkyl, C1-C2-haloalkoxy or halogen.

R<sup>6</sup> represents -C(=E<sup>3</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -LC(=E<sup>3</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -C(=E<sup>3</sup>)LR<sup>19</sup> or -LC(=E<sup>3</sup>)LR<sup>19</sup>, where each E<sup>2</sup> independently of the others represents O, S, N-R<sup>15</sup>, N-OR<sup>15</sup>, N-N(R<sup>15</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, and each L independently of the others represents O or NR<sup>18</sup>.

R<sup>7</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl or halogen,

R<sup>9</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy, S(O)<sub>p</sub>C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl or halogen,

R<sup>15</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or in each case optionally substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfimyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfonyl.

 $R^{18}$  in each case represents hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,

 $R^{19}$  in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,

p independently of one another represents 0, 1, 2.

14. (New) The composition according to claim 5, wherein said compound of formula (II) is

a compound of the formula (II-1)

in which

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>3</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl which is optionally substituted by R<sup>6</sup>,

R4 represents C1-C4-alkyl, C1-C2-haloalkyl, C1-C2-haloalkoxy or halogen,

R<sup>5</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy or halogen,

R<sup>6</sup> represents -C(=E<sup>3</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -LC(=E<sup>3</sup>)R<sup>19</sup>, -C(=E<sup>3</sup>)LR<sup>19</sup> or -LC(=E<sup>3</sup>)LR<sup>19</sup>, where each E<sup>2</sup> independently of the others represents O, S, N-R<sup>15</sup>, N-OR<sup>15</sup>, N-N(R<sup>15</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, and each L independently of the others represents O or NR<sup>19</sup>,

R<sup>7</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl or halogen.

R<sup>9</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkoxy, S(O)<sub>p</sub>C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>2</sub>-haloalkyl or halogen,

R<sup>15</sup> in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or in each case optionally substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, where the substituents independently of one another may be selected from the group consisting of cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkylsulfinyl haloalkylsulfinyl

R18 in each case represents hydrogen or C1-C4-alkyl.

R19 in each case independently of one another represents hydrogen or C1-C6-alkyl,

p independently of one another represents 0, 1, 2.